



Journal of the House

State of Indiana

112th General Assembly

Second Regular Session

Seventh Meeting Day

Tuesday Morning

January 15, 2002

The House convened at 9:30 a.m. with the Speaker in the Chair.

The invocation was offered by Pastor Mark Goeglein, Oak Grove Church of God, Columbia City, the son of former Representative Gloria J. Goeglein and guest of Representative Randy L. Borrer.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led by Representative Borrer.

The Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called:

T. Adams	Hoffman
Aguilera	Kersey
Alderman	Klinker
Atterholt	Kromkowski
Avery	Kruse ...
Ayres	Kruzan
Bardon	Kuzman
Bauer	Lawson
Becker	Leuck
Behning	Liggett
Bischoff	J. Lutz
Bodiker	Lytle
Borrer	Mahern
Bosma	Mangus
Bottorff	McClain
C. Brown	Mock
T. Brown	Moses
Buck	Munson
Budak	Murphy
Buell	Noe
Burton	Oxley
Cheney	Pelath
Cherry	Pond
Cochran	Porter
Cook	Reske
Crawford	Richardson
Crooks	Ripley ...
Crosby	Robertson
Day	Ruppel
Denbo	Saunders
Dickinson	Scholer
Dillon	M. Smith
Dobis	V. Smith
Dumézich	Steele
Duncan	Stevenson
Dvorak	Stilwell
Espich	Sturtz
Foley	Summers
Frenz	Thompson
Friend	Tincher
Frizzell	Torr
Fry	Turner
GiaQuinta	Ulmer
Goodin	Weinzapfel
Grubb	Welch
Harris	Whetstone
Hasler	Wolkins
Herndon	D. Young
Herrell	Yount
Hinkle	Mr. Speaker

Roll Call 8: 98 present; 2 excused. The Speaker announced a quorum in attendance. [NOTE: ... indicates those who were excused.]

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that when we do adjourn, we adjourn until Wednesday, January 16, 2002 at 1:00 p.m.

BARDON

Motion prevailed.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee, appointed to transmit to the Senate a resolution of this House to convene a joint convention of the two houses to receive the Governor's message, hereby reports that it has discharged the duty assigned to it and that the Senate has concurred in the House resolution and will meet the House in joint convention in the Chambers of the House of Representatives, at 7:00 p.m. on January 15, 2002, for the purpose of receiving the Governor's message.

RESKE
LEUCK

NOE
BORROR

Report adopted.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

The following bills were read a first time by title and referred to the respective committees:

HB 1298 — Dillon (Human Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

HB 1299 — Welch, Bauer, Scholer, Dumézich (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1300 — Dillon (Roads and Transportation)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1301 — Kuzman (Courts and Criminal Code)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1302 — Kuzman, Alderman (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1303 — Friend, Kuzman (Public Policy, Ethics and Veterans Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcoholic beverages.

HB 1304 — Ruppel (Environmental Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning civil procedure.

HB 1305 — Ruppel, GiaQuinta (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1306 — Wolkins, Kuzman (Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

HB 1307 — Wolkins, Kuzman (Public Policy, Ethics and Veterans Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcoholic beverages.

HB 1308 — Wolkins, Frenz (Roads and Transportation)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1309 — Wolkins (Commerce, Economic Development and Technology)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning state offices and administration.

HB 1310 — Stilwell (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1311 — T. Brown (Public Health)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

HB 1312 — Saunders, L. Lawson, Sturtz, Foley (Public Policy, Ethics and Veterans Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

HB 1313 — Liggett (Labor and Employment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and industrial safety.

HB 1314 — Liggett (Labor and Employment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1315 — Liggett (Commerce, Economic Development and Technology)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation.

HB 1316 — Liggett, Scholer (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1317 — Liggett, Scholer, Crosby, Saunders (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1318 — C. Brown (Human Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and industrial safety.

HB 1319 — C. Brown (Public Policy, Ethics and Veterans Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1320 — C. Brown (Courts and Criminal Code)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1321 — C. Brown (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning the general assembly and to make an appropriation.

HB 1322 — C. Brown (Courts and Criminal Code)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1323 — Avery, Harris (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1324 — Avery (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1325 — Oxley (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1326 — Denbo (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1327 — Denbo (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1328 — Noe, Grubb, Torr, Turner (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state funds.

HB 1329 — Weinzapfel (Environmental Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

HB 1330 — Harris (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1331 — Cochran, Sturtz (Judiciary)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1332 — Lytle (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1333 — Saunders, T. Adams (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1334 — Pond (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

HB 1335 — Pond, Sturtz, Moses (Judiciary)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1336 — Pond, Hasler (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

HB 1337 — Robertson (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

HB 1338 — Lytle, Bischoff, Duncan (Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1339 — Pond, Lytle (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning boat and boating matters.

HB 1340 — Bardon (Judiciary)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1341 — Bardon (Insurance, Corporations and Small Business)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

HB 1342 — Kruzan (Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning natural and cultural resources.

HB 1343 — Kruzan, Scholer, Pond (Commerce, Economic Development and Technology)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation.

HB 1344 — Kruzan, Atterholt (Elections and Apportionment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

HB 1345 — Pelath (Labor and Employment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and industrial safety.

HB 1346 — Pelath, Budak (Public Health)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning health.

HB 1347 — Alderman, L. Lawson (Labor and Employment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1348 — Gregg (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning the general assembly.

HB 1349 — Dumezich, Stevenson, Kuzman (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning economic development.

HB 1350 — Dumezich (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning medical research funding and to make an appropriation.

HB 1351 — Dumezich, Welch, Frenz, Stevenson (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1352 — Dumezich (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1353 — Dumezich (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation and to make an appropriation.

HB 1354 — Mahern (Commerce, Economic Development and Technology)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation.

HB 1355 — Bauer (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning education finance.

HB 1356 — Bauer (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1357 — Buck (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1358 — Goodin (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1359 — T. Adams, Munson, Kersey, Saunders (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

HB 1360 — Moses, Grubb, Richardson, Turner (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration and to make an appropriation.

HB 1361 — Noe, Welch, Thompson (Courts and Criminal Code)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal and civil penalties.

HB 1362 — Noe, Welch, Thompson (Courts and Criminal Code)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1363 — Noe, Welch, Thompson (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

HB 1364 — Richardson, Mahern (Elections and Apportionment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

HB 1365 — Richardson, Kuzman (Public Policy, Ethics and Veterans Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state police, civil defense and military affairs.

HB 1366 — Richardson, Sturtz (Courts and Criminal Code)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

HB 1367 — Richardson, Sturtz (Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1368 — Richardson, Sturtz (Courts and Criminal Code)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1369 — Thompson, Welch, Atterholt, Noe (Courts and Criminal Code)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1370 — Thompson, Hasler (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1371 — Thompson, V. Smith (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1372 — Thompson, Hoffman (Labor and Employment)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and industrial safety.

HB 1373 — Thompson (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education and to make an appropriation.

HB 1374 — M. Smith (Insurance, Corporations and Small Business)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

HB 1375 — Scholer (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning gaming.

HB 1376 — Scholer, Klinker (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1378 — Scholer, Crooks (Commerce, Economic Development and Technology)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation.

HB 1379 — Yount (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1380 — Yount (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

HB 1381 — Yount (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

HB 1382 — Mock (Roads and Transportation)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1383 — Ripley, GiaQuinta, Borror (Environmental Affairs)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

HB 1384 — Ripley (Insurance, Corporations and Small Business)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

HB 1385 — Ripley (Roads and Transportation)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

HB 1386 — Ripley (Insurance, Corporations and Small Business)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

HB 1387 — Turner, Dobis (Local Government)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning elections.

HB 1388 — Turner, Tinch (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1389 — Bosma (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1390 — Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning human services and to make an appropriation.

HB 1391 — Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1392 — Scholer, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1393 — Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

HB 1394 — Turner, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning pensions.

HB 1395 — Turner, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1396 — Espich, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning economic development.

HB 1397 — Espich, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1398 — Yount, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1399 — Yount, Bosma (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1400 — Espich (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1401 — Espich (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state funds.

HB 1402 — Espich (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education finance.

HB 1403 — Dillon, C. Brown (Public Health)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

HB 1404 — Avery (Ways and Means)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

HB 1405 — Porter (Education)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

HB 1406 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1407 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1408 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1409 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1410 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1411 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1412 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1413 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1414 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1415 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1416 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1417 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1418 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1419 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1420 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1421 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1422 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1423 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1424 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1425 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1426 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1427 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1428 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1429 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

HB 1430 — Rules (Rules and Legislative Procedures)
A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code.

INTRODUCTION OF JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following joint resolutions were read a first time by title and referred to the respective committees:

HJR 10 — Frenz, Whetstone (Ways and Means)

A JOINT RESOLUTION proposing an Amendment to Article 10, Section 1 of the Indiana Constitution concerning taxation.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Indiana is proposed and agreed to by this, the One Hundred Twelfth General Assembly of the State of Indiana, and is referred to the next General Assembly for reconsideration and agreement.

SECTION 2. ARTICLE 10, SECTION 1 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Section 1. (a) The General Assembly shall provide, by law, for a uniform and equal rate of property assessment and taxation and shall prescribe regulations to secure a just valuation for taxation of all property, both real and personal. The General Assembly may exempt from property taxation any property in any of the following classes:

- (1) Property being used for municipal, educational, literary, scientific, religious, or charitable purposes;
- (2) Tangible personal property; ~~other than property being held for sale in the ordinary course of a trade or business; property being held, used or consumed in connection with the production of income; or property being held as an investment;~~
- (3) Intangible personal property.

(b) The General Assembly may exempt any motor vehicles, mobile homes, airplanes, boats, trailers, or similar property, provided that an excise tax in lieu of the property tax is substituted therefor.

RESOLUTIONS ON FIRST READING

House Concurrent Resolution 10

Representatives Stevenson, Dumezich, Aguilera, C. Brown, Cheney, Dobis, Harris, Kuzman, L. Lawson, and V. Smith introduced House Concurrent Resolution 10:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION urging President Bush to act quickly on the recommendations of the United States International Trade Commission regarding the domestic steel industry.

Whereas, Steel has long been an important industry in northern Indiana and is vital to the economy of the United States;

Whereas, In recent years, the steel industry has been hit with a rise in bankruptcy filings among domestic producers, plummeting steel and stock prices, falling employment, and increased foreign control of the industry;

Whereas, Since the industry crisis began in 1998, 28 steel companies with over 60,000 employees have filed for bankruptcy;

Whereas, In recent years the steel industry has also been suffering because of increased importation of steel and iron ore products into the United States and the increased costs for retiree health care due to downsizing and restructuring of the industry during the 1980s;

Whereas, It is of utmost importance that action be taken quickly to help the domestic steel industry recover;

Whereas, Any action taken should include the creation of a government sponsored program that would provide relief from the industry's retiree legacy cost burden, primarily pension and retiree health care costs, thereby removing the most significant barrier to consolidation of a highly fragmented industry; and

Whereas, The steel industry has long been the backbone of the economy of northern Indiana and several areas in the United States, and it is vital that this industry be protected to maintain thousands of American jobs: Therefore,

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly urges President Bush to take swift action to implement a tariff rate of 40% for four years on the full range of products where injury was found by the United States International Trade Commission.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives transmit a copy of this resolution to President Bush, Vice President Cheney, the Indiana Congressional delegation, Governor O'Bannon, and Lieutenant Governor Kernan.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsors: Senators Rogers, Landske, Mrvan, Antich, and S. Smith.

House Concurrent Resolution 11

Representative Kruzan introduced House Concurrent Resolution 11:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION to convene a Joint Session of the 112th General Assembly of the State of Indiana.

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That a joint convention of the Senate and House of Representatives be convened, to meet in the Chambers of the House of Representatives at 2:00 p.m. on Wednesday, January 16, 2002, to receive the Chief Justice's message which will be given in compliance with Section 3 of Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana and the Speaker is hereby directed to appoint a committee of four members of the House to transmit this resolution to the Senate and report to this House such action as the Senate make take thereon.

SECTION 2. That copies of this resolution be transmitted to Chief Justice Randall T. Shepard and the Indiana Senate.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsors: Senators Garton and R. Young.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that a committee of four members of this House be appointed by the Speaker, to act with a like committee of the Senate, to wait upon the Chief Justice of the Indiana Supreme Court and to escort him to the Chambers of the House of Representatives to deliver his message to the General Assembly.

KRUZAN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Dickinson, Dvorak, Mock, and Steele be appointed by the Speaker of the House of

Representatives, to act with a like committee of the Senate to wait upon the Chief Justice and to escort him to the Chambers of the House of Representative to deliver his message to the General Assembly on January 16, 2002.

KRUZAN

Motion prevailed. The Speaker appointed Representatives Dickinson, Dvorak, Mock, and Steele to escort the Chief Justice..

House Concurrent Resolution 12

Representatives Gregg, Bosma, T. Adams, Aguilera, Alderman, Atterholt, Avery, Ayres, Bardon, Bauer, Becker, Behning, Bischoff, Bodiker, Borror, Bottorff, C. Brown, T. Brown, Buck, Budak, Buell, Burton, Cheney, Cherry, Cochran, Cook, Crawford, Crooks, Crosby, Day, Denbo, Dickinson, Dillon, Dobis, Dumezich, Duncan, Dvorak, Espich, Foley, Frenz, Friend, Frizzell, Fry, GiaQuinta, Goodin, Grubb, Harris, Hasler, Herndon, Herrell, Hinkle, Hoffman, Kersey, Klinker, Kromkowski, Kruse, Kruzan, Kuzman, L. Lawson, Leuck, Liggett, J. Lutz, Lytle, Mahern, Mangus, McClain, Mock, Moses, Munson, Murphy, Noe, Oxley, Pelath, Pond, Porter, Reske, Richardson, Ripley, Robertson, Ruppel, Saunders, Scholer, M. Smith, V. Smith, Steele, Stevenson, Stilwell, Sturtz, Summers, Thompson, Tinchler, Torr, Turner, Ulmer, Weinzapfel, Welch, Whetstone, Wolkins, D. Young, and Yount introduced House Concurrent Resolution 12:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION honoring the life of State Representative Gloria June Goeglein.

Whereas, Gloria June Goeglein, State Representative for District 84, departed from this earthly life on November 1, 2001;

Whereas, Gloria Goeglein was a member of the Indiana House of Representatives, serving from 1990 through 2001;

Whereas, State Representative Goeglein was born Gloria Woods in Fort Wayne, Indiana on January 13, 1931, and was a lifelong resident of Allen County;

Whereas, Gloria June Goeglein nee Woods married Leonard Goeglein on June 6, 1957;

Whereas, Gloria Goeglein began her distinguished career in Republican politics and public service in 1974, winning election to and serving on the Allen County Council from 1974 through 1978;

Whereas, Mrs. Goeglein was elected Allen County Auditor in 1978, serving from 1979 through 1986;

Whereas, State Representative Goeglein served as the Purchasing Director for the City of Fort Wayne from 1988 through 1990;

Whereas, during her tenure in the Indiana House of Representatives, Gloria Goeglein served on the Local Government Committee, serving as its Chair in 1996, the Public Health Committee, Ways and Means, Elections and Apportionment, Cities and Towns, County and Townships, Commerce, and Family, Children, and Human Affairs Committees;

Whereas, during her superlative career, Gloria Goeglein received the South Side High School Distinguished Alumni Award (1999), the Mental Health Association of Indiana, Inc. Award (1999, 1998, 1997, 1995), Charles E. Heineman Allied Professional Award (Indiana Psychological Association 1998), Indiana Alliance for the Mentally Ill Award (1997, 1993), National Alliance for the Mentally Ill Award (1997), Indiana League Municipal Clerks and Treasurers Award (1997), Friend of the Consumers of Behavioral Health Care Services (1996), Allen County Republican Woman of the Year (1996), Fort Wayne Alliance for the Mentally Ill Award (1995), and Indiana Outstanding County Auditor (1985);

Whereas, State Representative Goeglein was well-known in the Statehouse and around this state as a tireless advocate for disadvantaged people and people with disabilities, earning her the nickname, "Granbo", a reference to her status as compassionate grandmother and fearless fighter;

Whereas, Gloria Goeglein at all times conducted herself with dignity and grace, acting in harmony with her steadfast faith in God, prompting those who knew her best to refer to Gloria in the following way: "Gloria Goeglein—child of God";

Whereas, Mrs. Goeglein is survived by her husband, Leonard, three children, and seven grandchildren;

Whereas, State Representative Gloria Goeglein spent her life serving her family, her community, the Republican Party, and the people of the State of Indiana in the State's highest traditions of honor, integrity, respect for others, and love of country: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. The Indiana General Assembly hereby honors the Life of State Representative Gloria June Goeglein and extends its condolences to her family.

SECTION 2. The Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives is directed to transmit a copy of this resolution the family of State Representative Gloria June Goeglein.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsor: Senator Wyss.

The House stood for a moment of silence.

OTHER BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER'S TABLE

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 106.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representatives Dvorak, Alderman, Bardon, Welch, Bischoff, Cook, and T. Adams be added as coauthors of House Bill 1010.

HERRELL

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Fry be added as coauthor of House Bill 1085.

M. SMITH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Grubb be added as coauthor of House Bill 1086.

M. SMITH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Klinker be added as coauthor of House Bill 1087.

M. SMITH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Klinker be added as coauthor of House Bill 1088.

M. SMITH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Klinker, Turner, and Welch be added as coauthors of House Bill 1089.

ATTERHOLT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Klinker, Turner, and Welch be added as coauthors of House Bill 1090.

ATTERHOLT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Turner be added as coauthor of House Bill 1091.

ATTERHOLT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Grubb and Sturtz be added as coauthors of House Bill 1097.

CHERRY

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 106.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representatives Cook, Goodin, and Sturtz be added as coauthors of House Bill 1109.

TORR

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Ruppel, Kuzman, and Goodin be added as coauthors of House Bill 1208.

BISCHOFF

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives V. Smith and Crosby be added as coauthors of House Bill 1298.

DILLON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Cook, Liggett, and Noe be added as coauthors of House Bill 1300.

DILLON

Motion prevailed.

Pursuant to House Rule 60, committee meetings were announced.

The House recessed until the fall of the gavel.

RECESS

The House reconvened at 7:00 p.m. with the Speaker in the Chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed Engrossed Senate Bills 137 and 149 and the same are herewith transmitted to the House for further action.

MARY C. MENDEL
Principal Secretary of the Senate

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed House Concurrent Resolutions 4, 5, and 12 and the same are herewith returned to the House.

MARY C. MENDEL
Principal Secretary of the Senate

Reassignments

The Speaker announced the following reassignments:

House Bill 1085 from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to the Committee on Commerce, Economic Development and Technology.

House Bill 1086 from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to the Committee on Ways and Means.

House Bill 1088 from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to the Committee on Roads and Transportation.

House Bill 1089 from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to the Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.

House Bill 1090 from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to the Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.

House Bill 1097 from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to the Committee on Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development.

House Bill 1308 from the Committee on Roads and Transportation to the Committee on Public Policy, Ethics and Veterans Affairs.

The Speaker introduced the House leaders, Majority Leader Mark Kruzan, Speaker Pro Tempore Chester F. Dobis, Majority Caucus Chair F. Dale Grubb, Minority Leader Brian C. Bosma, Assistant Minority Leader Michael D. Smith, Ways and Means Chair B. Patrick Bauer, and William C. Cochran and Dean R. Mock, deans of the Democrat and Republican caucuses; Senate leaders, President Pro Tempore Robert D. Garton, Minority Leader Richard D. Young, Assistant Minority Leader Earline Rogers, Minority Caucus Chairman James A. Lewis, and Finance Chairman Dr. Lawrence M. Borst; and his parents Donald R. and June Gregg and his sons, John Blackwood and Hunter Wallace Gregg.

The Speaker introduced the honored guests as follows: Judy O'Bannon, wife of Governor O'Bannon; Jennifer O'Bannon, daughter of Governor and Mrs. O'Bannon; Asher O'Bannon Reed, grandson of Governor and Mrs. O'Bannon; Jonathan O'Bannon, son of Governor and Mrs. O'Bannon; Soni O'Bannon, daughter-in-law of Governor and Mrs. O'Bannon; Maggie Kernan, wife of Lieutenant Governor Joseph Kernan; the Honorable Sherry Gregg, wife of Speaker Gregg; Barbara Garton, wife of Senate President Pro Tempore Garton; Amy McDonell, wife of Chief Justice Randall Shepard; Governor Robert Orr and his wife Mary Kay; Dr. Suellen Reed, Superintendent of Public Instruction; Secretary of State Sue Anne Gilroy and her husband Dick Gilroy; Auditor of State Connie Nass and her guest Jeffrey Heinzmann; Treasurer of State Tim Berry and his guest Betsy Burdick; Attorney General Steve Carter and his daughter Caroline Carter; Justice Brent Dickson and his wife, Jan Aikman Dickson; Justice Frank Sullivan, Jr. and his wife, Cheryl Sullivan; Justice Theodore Boehm and his wife, Peggy Boehm; Judge Robert Rucker and his wife, Denise Rucker; Judge John Baker and his wife, Peggy Baker; Judge John Sharpnack; Judge Edward Najam and his guest Star Cochran; Judge Patricia Riley and her husband Mike Riley; Judge Carr Darden; Judge Mark Bailey; Judge Margaret Robb; Judge Nancy Vaidik; Judge Paul Mathias; Judge Michael Barnes; Judge William Garrard and his wife Judge Linda Chezem; Tax Court Judge Thomas Fisher; Clerk of the Supreme and Appellate Courts Brian Bishop; Lieutenant Governor Joseph Kernan; Chief Justice Randall Shepard; and Chief Judge Sanford Brook.

The Speaker yielded the gavel to Lieutenant Governor Joseph Kernan, President of the Senate, who called the joint session to order and presented the Governor as follows:

"Members of the Joint Assembly: Pursuant to Section 13 of Article 5 of the Indiana Constitution, this joint convention of the two houses of the Indiana General Assembly is now convened for the purpose of hearing a message from the Governor of the State of Indiana.

Ladies and Gentlemen of the House and Senate, and distinguished guests, I have the high honor and distinct privilege of presenting to you the Governor of the State of Indiana, the Honorable Frank L. O'Bannon."

Governor O'Bannon was escorted to the rostrum by Representatives Leuck, Reske, Noe, and Borror and Senators Alting, Lubbers, Hume, and Sipes.

STATE OF THE STATE

Good evening, fellow Hoosiers, colleagues and friends. Speaker Gregg, Senator Garton, Senator Young, Representative Bosma, Chief Justice Shepard and Chief Judge Brook, thank you for hosting this joint session.

I want to thank my wife, Judy, for all she does for Indiana. And my partner Joe Kernan—a good friend and a great lieutenant governor.

Before we get to the business at hand, we should pause to remember that our world has changed. Our country is at war.

Six hundred men and women of the Indiana National Guard are on active duty in 14 countries around the world. Our armed forces are on the front lines.

And we were all engaged in the fight against terrorism, wherever it lives.

In September, terrorism took Hoosier lives in New York and Washington. Last week, we lost another of our own when Gary native U.S. Marine Sergeant Jeanette Winters was killed in action.

Please join me in honoring the heroes who have given their all in the fight for freedom as well as those who fight today. Please stand for a moment of silence.

Thank you.

One of our greatest American leaders—Martin Luther King Jr.—was born on this date 73 years ago.

It is appropriate that we talk tonight about the challenges affecting the state of our state on his birthday because Dr. King reminded us about the power each of us has individually and how that power grows when we work together.

He reminded us about the importance of having the courage and the vision to do the hard things today in order to have a better tomorrow.

Dr. King's ideals apply today because our future seems unsettled.

Our sense of security was shaken on Sept. 11.

But we can help Hoosiers feel safe and secure again by giving our public safety officers the tools they need to prevent and respond to terrorism here at home, as recommended by the Counter-Terrorism and Security Council.

Our economic security has been threatened as well by the national recession. Two weeks ago, Indiana's unemployment insurance claims were the highest they have been since 1984. But if we work together to resolve the budget and tax-structure challenges our state is facing, we can grow jobs and we can improve the economic security of all Hoosiers.

Over the past year, we've seen Hoosiers work together to accomplish great things in the face of huge challenges.

After the terrorist attacks, some Hoosiers went to work at Ground Zero. Some helped recover bodies. Others made sure that the workplace was safe for the recovery workers.

As that work was going on in New York, some misguided people lashed out at innocent citizens of Middle Eastern heritage. A Hoosier was among those who spoke up to help heal an angry nation.

Dr. Sayyid Syeed of the Islamic Society and 200 other leaders—Christians, Muslims and Jews—denounced the attacks. They called on Americans to “make the right choices in this crisis—to pray, act and unite against the bitter fruits of division, hatred and violence.”

Hoosiers worked together in 2001 on other causes, too.

In Porter County, for instance, the founders of Hilltop Neighborhood House saw that—despite all they had done for their community since 1996—more help was needed.

So they partnered with the state of Indiana and expanded their part-time health care program into a full-fledged clinic that provides medical and dental care to thousands of low-income residents.

None of these people were forced to help anyone. They simply saw a need and worked together to meet it.

Let me introduce representatives of those who volunteered at Ground Zero: Lt. Mark Rapp from Marion County's Task Force One. Steve Creech from the Department of Natural Resources' firefighting team. And Tim Crouse from the Department of Labor's workplace safety team.

Also with us is Dr. Syeed from the Islamic Society. Cher-ree Isakson from Hilltop House. Let's thank them for their leadership. Would you all please stand?

These Hoosiers understand how important working together is to the success of any mission.

As their leaders, we can do no less.

Our mission this session is to do the things that must be done if we are to build a better Indiana for all of our citizens. We can do that by enacting the Balanced Budget Plan and the 21st Century Tax Plan.

These plans resolve the challenges that are before us today. They enable us to complete our mission for a better Indiana.

If we do not pass the plans contained in House bills 1003 and 1004, we will turn back the progress we have made in improving our schools, in growing good jobs and in helping our senior citizens.

Let's talk about that progress and how we have come together in the past to strengthen Indiana.

Just four years ago, our eighth graders ranked seventeenth in a national comparison of math skills. But since we worked together to improve our schools, our eighth graders have jumped to fourth highest in the country in math. Our fourth graders are second highest.

Indiana now ranks in the top 10 in the nation in math improvement, teacher quality, school accountability and parental involvement in schools. Our standards for math, language arts, science and social studies are among the highest in the nation.

While we talk about progress, too many of our students still struggle.

We must find a way this session to balance our budget so we can continue our focus on helping every child succeed.

The future of all of our children is in jeopardy if we do not act this session. We cannot slow down. We cannot stop. We cannot wait.

Not too long ago, the exciting jobs of the future were found only in places like Silicon Valley. But many of those jobs have moved here because of Hoosier intellect, innovation and investment.

Researchers at Purdue and Indiana universities are building instruments smaller than the head of pin that will allow incredible medical and communications breakthroughs and they are unwrapping the secrets of human DNA, paving the way for huge advances in medical science. And with state support, private researchers throughout Indiana are doing other groundbreaking work.

IU's new School of Informatics is training students for careers in what used to be the jobs of tomorrow—jobs that now are a critical and rapidly growing component of Indiana's economy today.

We cannot slow down. We cannot stop. We cannot wait to protect and improve the environment that encouraged this growth or that progress will be undone.

A big part of actually moving ahead involves dreaming of and planning for a better future. Some Hoosiers might want to pursue a higher education but are not ready for a four-year program.

In recent years, those Hoosiers would have passed their dreams on to their children. But we believe that every Hoosier deserves to do more than dream.

So we joined together—legislators, educators and administrators—to open the Community College of Indiana.

We made college accessible and affordable. We have had record enrollment in Community College, and the need for this new partnership between Ivy Tech College and Vincennes University is even greater now that we are in recession.

We cannot slow down. We cannot stop. We cannot wait to make education available for all working families.

The cost of prescription drugs has been skyrocketing in recent years, making some of our needy senior citizens choose between buying groceries or getting the medicine they need.

Last year, we found a way to help 14,000 of those seniors through our HoosierRx program. To continue to help our senior citizens get the prescription medicine they need, we cannot slow down. We cannot stop. We cannot wait.

Some of you may be wondering how Indiana has a deficit when we had a \$2 billion surplus just three years ago.

Let me tell you. Back in 1999 a lot of people in this chamber—including me—thought we had too much taxpayer money on hand.

So we did two things: We invested in Indiana and we cut taxes.

Together, we invested \$800 million of the surplus on projects throughout our state: \$200 million went to improve our roads in Merrillville and Madison, in Bedford and Bloomington, and every county, city and town in between; \$160 million went to build computer networks and renovate buildings at state universities; \$150 million went to state parks and state hospitals; and \$290 million went to our teachers' pensions.

These were good investments in Indiana. And they were the right thing to do.

On top of that investment we used the surplus to cut taxes by more than a billion dollars for homeowners, farmers, business, the elderly and the poor.

We planned to reduce the surplus from \$2 billion to \$1.2 billion—a good safety net for a \$10 billion budget.

But instead of seeing the state's revenue continue to grow as we all expected, the national recession caused that revenue to decline at the same time the investments and tax cuts took effect.

The recession will deprive Indiana of more than \$3 billion in projected revenue that we depended on when we developed the budget.

Revenue that made those tax cuts and those investments affordable.

So I took action.

I had already eliminated 700 positions from the state's payroll.

But when our revenues started to decline, I froze hiring. I froze wages.

I stopped some investments we had planned to make. And I looked for ways to do more.

My Balanced Budget Plan makes more than \$700 million in painful cuts from the state's budget over the next 18 months.

It calls for dramatic changes to Medicaid and it limits some important services that people need and have come to count on.

But we cannot cut enough to make up that projected \$3 billion revenue loss without jeopardizing the state's biggest expense—our public schools and our universities, which represent 55 percent of our budget.

Fifty-five percent.

And, despite what some have said, there is no realistic way to grow out of the crisis either.

To make up for what the recession has cost Indiana, we would have to experience state revenue growth of 15 percent this year. At our peak growth, we never hit 10 percent.

Our latest revenue forecast predicts we will have no revenue growth this fiscal year, and we will grow by only 2.7 percent next fiscal year.

Like almost every other state, we are in recession.

My Balanced Budget Plan does everything possible to avoid a general tax increase and still protect our progress in Indiana schools.

Some oppose my plan to balance the budget because it calls for increases in the cigarette tax and in riverboat taxes.

In a choice between those taxes and our schools, I will pick Indiana's children every time.

Some think that all we have to do is keep hacking away at the budget, run our balances to zero, wait for the economy to pick up, and we'll be okay.

But there is no magic wand to make the economy grow enough to recoup the dollars lost to the recession.

We simply have no choice but to address our deficit and balance our budget. Now. Hoosier children, Hoosier families need us to act.

Waiting will mean the deficit—despite the budget cuts we are making—will continue to grow.

And using delaying tactics to get us through this year will put off the debt that is piling up and will put the education of our children at greater and greater risk.

The other challenge we have before us this session is court-mandated reassessment and the need for tax restructuring.

Our 21st Century Tax Plan protects homeowners from double- or triple-digit property tax increases caused by the Indiana Tax Court.

Our plan cuts the total collection of property taxes by 20 percent and increases sales and income taxes to pay for that property tax cut.

It moves Indiana away from an unfair, regressive property tax and toward a more fair system of taxation.

We must take action now because local governments and schools will set their budgets later this year and Hoosiers will receive new property tax bills based on those budgets before lawmakers can act next year.

We all know that Indiana's entire tax structure must be updated to keep Indiana competitive for new business and new jobs.

Our plan enables Indiana to progress from an Industrial Age tax structure to—as it is appropriately named—the 21st Century.

Without it Indiana is at a competitive disadvantage in these rapidly changing times.

Without it, homeowners will see dramatic increases in their property taxes and people will get hurt, particularly seniors and others on fixed incomes.

You know, progress would be easy if our economy had continued to grow as we had expected.

But it did not grow.

We were not elected to lead only during easy times.

Lieutenant Governor Kernan and I worked with some of the most talented financial experts in Indiana—Democrats and Republicans—to develop comprehensive ways to solve the budget and restructuring challenges and to set the course for Indiana to progress for decades to come.

We made those plans available in October and November so everyone would be prepared to hit the ground running this session.

While we have not seen any other detailed proposal to address either our deficit or our restructuring needs, we are willing to modify

these plans if we see a better way to reach our goals, which are protecting our schools by balancing the budget. Protecting homeowners by cutting property taxes. Providing economic growth by restructuring taxes.

We have been talking for a while now about numbers and facts that make passing the budget plan and the tax plan the right thing to do. Let's talk a little bit about why.

It is the right thing to do because those numbers and those facts add up to an Indiana where our children can learn and can grow and can be our new generation of community leaders.

Take a look at any child you see in Indiana and you will see the great promise they all have to offer.

Take a look at what Karen Kinney's kindergarten class at Bibich Elementary School in Dyer had to say in a book they wrote and illustrated last year.

It's entitled "How to make Schools Better."

In it, Brittany suggests: "Work hard to get more money for the schools."

Alex says, "Help people who want to be teachers."

Dominic wants to "Make the fire truck on the playground into a tunnel slide."

I don't know if we can help Dominic get his tunnel slide, but we can help Brittany and Alex and every other child in Indiana by protecting the progress we have made in making their classrooms better.

In the past five years, we have worked together to make Indiana better, to make Indiana that place where promise can be realized.

As a result, our schools are getting better and safer. We rank eighth in the nation in the growth of high-wage jobs, eleventh in the number of high-tech jobs. Our roads and public facilities are better. Children of the working poor have health insurance. Our environment is cleaner. We put more police officers across Indiana to keep our citizens safe. And we are helping more and more of our elderly and disabled Hoosiers live at home near family and loved ones.

We must act now to protect those investments.

As we take up the challenges before us in the weeks ahead, we should think about the remarkable people in Indiana who work every day to make their communities better. We should work together like they do.

We should remember why we are here—to make a positive difference in Indiana to make Indiana the place where our children can realize their potential, their promise.

I stand before you tonight with two solutions to Indiana's challenges—one that addresses the budget deficit while protecting education and another that deals with the court-ordered reassessment by cutting property taxes to protect homeowners and providing for the economic future of our citizens.

I cannot get this job done without your help.

It can be done.

And I commit to you tonight that I will do everything I can to get it done.

Because it must be done.

And if we work together, it will be done—for all Hoosier children and for all of Indiana.

Thank you and good night.

The President of the Senate adjourned the joint session.

The House reconvened with the Speaker in the Chair.

On the motion of Representative Weinzapfel the House adjourned at 8:00 p.m., this fifteenth day of January, 2002, until Wednesday, January 16, 2002, at 1:00 p.m.

JOHN R. GREGG
Speaker of the House of Representatives

LEE ANN SMITH
Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives